## Subpart—Exotic Bee Diseases and Parasites

Source:  $50 \ FR \ 24172$ , June  $10, \ 1985$ , unless otherwise noted.

## §319.76 Restrictions on importation of restricted articles; disposal of articles refused importation.

- (a) No person may import any restricted article unless in conformity with all of the restrictions in this subpart.
- (b) Any article refused importation for noncompliance with the requirements of this subpart shall be promptly removed from the United States or abandoned by the importer, and pending such action shall be subject to the immediate application of such safeguards against escape of plant pests as the inspector determines necessary to prevent the introduction into the United States of plant pests. If the article is not promptly safeguarded, removed from the United States, or abandoned for destruction by the importer, it may be seized, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of in accordance with section 414 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7714).
- (c) A restricted article may be imported without complying with other provisions under this subpart if:
- (1) Imported by the U.S. Department of Agriculture for experimental or scientific purposes;
- (2) Imported at the Plant Germplasm Quarantine Center, Building 320, Beltsville Agricultural Research Center East, Beltsville MD 20705, or at a port of entry designated by an asterisk in §319.37–14(b);
- (3) Imported pursuant to a departmental permit issued for such article and kept on file at the port of entry;
- (4) Imported under conditions specified on the departmental permit and found by the Deputy Administrator to be adequate to prevent the introduction into the United States of plant pests, i.e., conditions of treatment, processing, shipment, disposal; and
- (5) Imported with a departmental tag or label securely attached to the outside of the container or securely attached to the article itself if not in a container, and with such tag or label

bearing the name of the person to whom the permit is issued.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0072)

[50 FR 24172, June 10, 1985, as amended at 59 FR 67133, Dec. 29, 1994; 66 FR 21057, Apr. 27, 2001]

## § 319.76-1 Definitions.

Terms used in the singular form in this subpart shall be construed as the plural, and vice versa, as the case may demand. The following terms, when used in this subpart, shall be construed respectively, to mean:

*Bee.* Any member of the superfamily Apoidea.

Deputy Administrator. The Deputy Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspector Service for Plant Protection and Quarantine, U.S. Department of Agriculture, or any other officer or employee of the Department to whom authority to act in his or her stead has been or may hereafter be delegated.

Exotic bee diseases. Bee diseases of foreign origin, including but not limited to Aspergillus spp., Bacillus spp., Entomophthora spp., Beauveria spp., Cordyceps spp., and Saccharomyces spp.

Exotic bee parasites. Bee parasites of foreign origin, including but not limited to Coelioxys spp. and Chrysis spp., Varroa jacobsoni, Euvarroa sinhai, Tropilaelaps clareae, and Acarapis woodi. Import (importation, imported). To im-

Inspector. Any employee of Plant Protection and Quarantine, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, or other person authorized by the Deputy Administrator in accordance with law to enforce the provisions of this subpart.

port or move into the United States.

Person. Any individual, corporation, company, society, association, or any other organized group.

Plant pest. The egg, pupal, and larval stages as well as any other living stage of any insects, mites, nematodes, slugs, snails, protozoa, or other invertebrate animals, bacteria, fungi, or other parasitic plants or reproductive parts thereof, viruses, or any organisms similar to or allied with any of the foregoing, or any infectious substances, which can directly or indirectly injure or cause disease or damage in any